Education and Culture
Lifelong learning programme
COMENIUS

Dictionary of environmental terms

HAND IN HAND FOR THE ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION

Comenius Project

2010-2012

The European Commission doesn't take charge of dictionary content

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- Ies Ciudad Jardin- **Spain**,
- Aliaga Mesleki Ve Teknik Egitim Merkezi-**Turkey.**

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The dictionary of environmental terms is one of the final products of HAND IN HAND FOR THE ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION project.

Each country participating in the project was proposed several words that were translated in the language of each country.

Dictionary is divided into 5 chapters on 3 columns depending on the activities envisaged with in the project:

1. What do you eat?
2. Energy
3. Forest - our friend
4. Recycling
5. Water-use it usely!

First column contains the words in the English language with the characteristic icons, icons taken from various sites on the Internet, in the second column are translations of the words in the language of each country participating in the project, and in the third column is the explanation of each word into English, taken from the explanatory dictionary of the English language.

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1. What do you eat?

Agriculture 	земеделие Γεωργία Agricoltura Rolnictwo Agricultură Agricultura Tarım	Economic activity consisting in the cultivation of plant species. The main purpose of agriculture is to obtain products of plants used for food.
Aluminium foil 	алуминиево фолио Αλουμινόχαρτο Foglio di alluminio Folia aluminiowa Folie de aluminiu Papel de aluminio Alüminyum Folyo	Aluminium prepared in thin metal leaves, with a thickness less than 0.2 millimetres (8 mils), thinner gauges down to 6 µm (0.2 mils) are also commonly used.
Biodegradable 	биоразградим Βιοαποδομήσιμος Biodegradabile Ulegający biodegradacji Biodegradabil Biodegradable	The chemical dissolution of materials by bacteria or other biological means.

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	Biyo-çözünür	
Bioplastics	биопластмаси Βιοπλαστικά Bioplastica Bioplastiki Bioplastice Bioplásticos Biyoplastikler	A form of plastics derived from renewable biomass sources, such as vegetable fats and oils, corn starch, pea starch, or micro biota.
Carbon footprint	въглероден отпечатък Αποτύπωμα διοξειδίου του άνθρακα Impronta di carbonio śladwęglowy Amprentă de carbon Huella ecológica KARBON AYAKİZİ	Greenhouse gases that are emitted into the atmosphere by humans is usually referred to as our carbon footprint. This includes what is produced when growing food, transportation of food, and consuming less meat.
Chipboard	талашит Νοβοπαν Truciolato Płyta wiórowa Placă aglomerată	A type of paperboard generally made from reclaimed paper stock.

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	Aglomerado, carton prensado Suni tahta	
To feed 	хранене Τρέφω Nutrire Nakarmić A hrăni Nutrir Beslemek	Arrangement of cells and complex organisms to source compounds necessary to sustain life.
Fertilizer 	тор Λίπασμα Concimi Nawóz Fertilizator Fertilizante Gübre	Technical means of fertilizer used in gardening and agriculture in order to give land to one or more nutrients usable by plants.
		Food irradiation is the

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Food irradiation	облъчване на храните Ακτινοβόληση τροφίμων Irradiazione degli alimenti Radiacyjne utrwalanie żywności Iradierea produselor alimentare Irradiación de alimentos IŞINLAMA	process of exposing food to ionizing radiation in order to disinfest, sterilize, or preserve.
Food miles	хранителни мили; транспортиране на храна Διατροφικά χιλιόμετρα Agricoltura biologica żywnościokilometry Mile alimentare Food miles YİYECEK MİLİ	Food miles is a term which refers to the distance food is transported from the time of its production until it reaches the consumer's plate.
Genetically modified foods	генно- модифицирани храни Γενετικά τροποποιημένα τρόφιμα Cibo geneticamente modificato żywnośćmodyfikowanage netycznie	GM foods or GMOs (genetically-modified organisms) refers to crop plants created for human or animal consumption using the latest molecular biology techniques. These plants have been modified in the laboratory to enhance desired traits.

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	Alimente modificate genetic Alimentos modificados genéticamente GENETİĞİ DEĞİŞTİRİLMİŞ BESİNLER	
Green Packaging 	природосъобразни опаковки Οικολογική συσκευασία Imballaggio ecologico Opakowania ekologiczne Ambalare ecologică Embalaje ecológico Çevre dostu paketleme	Custom-made, environmentally-friendly plastic/polyethylene bags that are recyclable, biodegradable and/or compostable.
Healthy food 	здравословни храни Υγιεινό φαγητό Cibo salutare Zdrowa żywność Mâncare sănătoasă Comida sana Sağlıklı besin	One that helps maintain or improve general health.
Inorganic Farming	неорганично земеделие Μη βιολογική γεωργία	Also called conventional farming, involves using pesticide for the purpose of controlling pests, and

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	Agricoltura inorganica Rolnictwo nieorganiczne Agricultură anorganică Agricultura inorgánica İNORGANİK TARIM	use of other manufactured fertilizers and herbicides.
Junk Foods 	вредни храни, полуготови храни Φαγητά σκουπίδια Cibo spazzatura Niezdrowe, tanie jedzenie Mâncare nesănătoasă Comida basura ABUR CUBUR YİYECEKLER	Junk foods are typically ready-to-eat convenience foods containing high levels of saturated fats, salt, or sugar, and little or no fruit, vegetabless, or dietary fiber; and are considered to have little or no health benef.
Nanofoods 	нанохрани- произведени с помощта на нанотехнологиите Τρόφιμα νανοτεχνολογίας Cibo da nanotecnologia Nanożywność Alimente nano	Are foods produced using nanotechnology that promise improved food processing, packaging and safety; enhanced flavor and nutrition.

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	Nanoalimentos NANO YİYECEKLER	
Organic foods 	органични храни Βιολογικά τρόφιμα Alimenti biologici żywność ekologiczna Alimente organice Alimentos biológicos ORGANİK YİYECEKLER	Are those that are produced using methods that do not involve modern synthetic inputs such as pesticides and chemical fertilizers, do not contain genetically modified organisms, and are not processed using irradiation, industrial solvents, or chemical food additives.
Pesticides 	пестициди Παρασιτοκτόνα Pesticida Pestycydy Pesticide Pesticidas BÖCEK İLACI	Pesticides are substances or mixture of substances intended for preventing, destroying, repelling or mitigating any pest.A pesticide may be a chemical substance, biological agent (such as a virus or bacterium), antimicrobial, disinfectant or device used against any pest.
Junk Foods	устойчиви храни Βιώσιμα τρόφιμα Cibo spazzatura	Foods have been grown locally by sustainable agricultural methods — that is, using food-growing techniques that don't harm the environment, are

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	Niezdrowe, tanie jedzenie Alimente durabile Alimentos sostenibles YEREL YİYECEKLER	seasonal, and preserve agricultural land.
Synthetic Plastics 	синтетични пластмаси Συνθετικά πλαστικά Plastica sintetica Syntetyczne tworzywa sztuczne Plastic sintetic Plásticos sintéticos Sentetik Plastikler	Various items made of plastic

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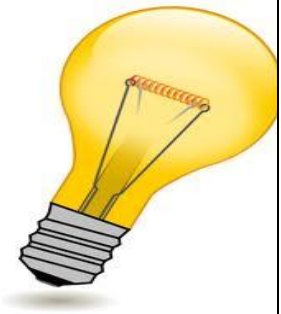
2. ENERGY

Biomass	биомаса Βιομάζα Biomassa Biomasa Biomasă Biomasa Biyokütle	Is biological material from living, or recently living organisms.
Bulb 	електрическа крушка Βολβός Lampadina żarówka Bec Bombilla Ampul	Glass Sphere or look in which we can find the filament of electric lamps.
Coal	каменни въглища Κάρβουνο Carbone Węgiel Cărbune Carbón Kömür	Is a combustible black or brownish-black sedimentary rock usually occurring in rock strata in layers or veins called coal beds or coal seams.

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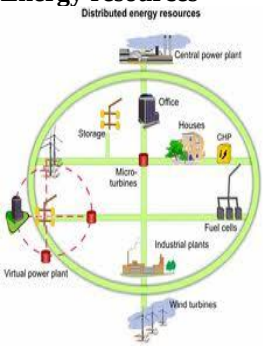
Electricity 	електричество Ηλεκτρισμός Elettricità Elektryczność Electricitate Electricidad Elektrik	Is the science, engineering, technology and physical phenomena associated with the presence and flow of electric charges.
Energy resources 	енергийни ресурси Ενεργειακοί πόροι Risorse energetiche Zasoby energetyczne (źródła energii) Resurse energetice Fuentes de energía Enerji kaynakları	Energy development is the effort to provide sufficient primary energy sources and secondary energy forms for supply, cost, impact on air pollution and water pollution, mitigation of climate change with renewable energy.
Exhaust gas 	изгорели газове Καυσαέρια Gas di scarico Gaz spalinowy Gaze de eşapament Gases de escape Egzoz gazı	Or flue gas is emitted as a result of the combustion of fuels such as natural gas, gasoline/petrol, diesel fuel, fuel oil or coal.

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Fossil fuels 	изкопаеми горива Ορυκτά καύσιμα Combustibile fossile Paliwa kopalne Combustibili fosili Combustible fósil Fosil yakıtlar	Are fuels formed by natural processes such as anaerobic decomposition of buried dead organisms. The age of the organisms and their resulting fossil fuels is typically millions of years, and sometimes exceeds 650 million year.
Geothermal energy 	геотермална енергия Γεωθερμική ενέργεια Energia geotermica Energia geotermalna Energie geotermală Energía geotérmica Jeotermal Enerji	Is thermal energy generated and stored in the Earth.
Global warming 	глобално затопляне Υπερθέρμανση του πλανήτη Riscaldamento globale Globalne ocieplenie Încălzire globală Calentamiento global	The increase in the average temperature of the Earth due to the greenhouse effects.

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	KÜRESEL ISINMA	
Harmful acids 	вредни киселини Επιβλαβή οξέα Acidi nocivi Kwasy szkodliwe Acizi nocivi Ácidos nocivos Zararlı Asitler	Many *acids* are dangerous; some examples: hydrochloric acid, hydrofluoric acid, nitric acid **...**
Hydro-electric energy 	хидро- електрическа енергия Υδροηλεκτρική ενέργεια Energia idro-elettrica Energia hydroelektryczna (wodna) Energie hidroelectrică Energía hidroeléctrica Hidroelektrik enerjisi	Is the term referring to electricity generated by hydropower; the production of electrical power through the use of the gravitational force of falling or flowing water. It is the most widely used form of renewable energy.
Light 	светлина Φως Luce światło Lumină Luz	Visible light (commonly referred to simply as light) is electromagnetic radiation that is visible to the human eye, and is responsible for the sense of sight.

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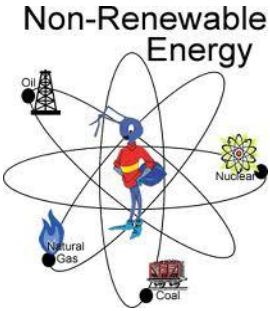
	Işık	
Natural gas 	природен газ Φυσικό αέριο Gas naturale Gaz ziemny Gaze naturale Gas natural Doğal gaz	Is a naturally occurring hydrocarbon gas mixture consisting primarily of methane, with up to 20 %[1] of other hydrocarbons as well as impurities in varying amounts such as carbon dioxide.
Non renewable sources of energy 	невъзобновяеми източници на енергия Μη ανανεώσιμες πηγές ενέργειας Fonti di energia non rinnovabile Nieodnawialne źródła energii Surse neregenerabile de energie Fuentes de energía no renovables Yenilenemeyen enerji kaynakları	Is a natural resource which cannot be reproduced, grown, generated, or used on a scale which can sustain its consumption rate, once depleted there is no more available for future need.
Nuclear power	ядрена енергия Πυρηνική ενέργεια Energia nucleare	Is the use of sustained nuclear fission to generate heat and electricity.

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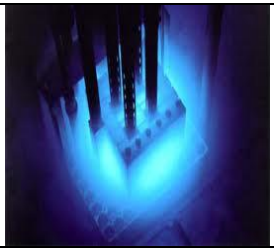	Energiajądrowa (nuklearna) Putere nucleară Energía nuclear Nükleer enerji	
Nuclear waste 	ядрени отпадъци Πυρηνικά απόβλητα Scorie nucleari Odpady radioaktywne Reziduri nucleare Residuos nucleares Nükleer atık	Are wastes that contain radioactive material. Radioactive wastes are usually by-products of nuclear power generation and other applications of nuclear fission or nuclear technology, such as research and medicine.
Oil 	масло, петрол, нефт Πετρέλαιο Petrolio Olej, ropa Ulei Aceite Petrol	Is any substance that is liquid at ambient temperatures and does not mix with water but may mix with other oils and organic solvents. This general definition includes vegetable oils, volatile essential oils, petrochemical oils, and synthetic oils.
Radioactivity	радиоактивност Ραδιενέργεια Radioattività	Is the process by which an atomic nucleus of an unstable atom loses energy by emitting ionizing particles (ionizing radiation).

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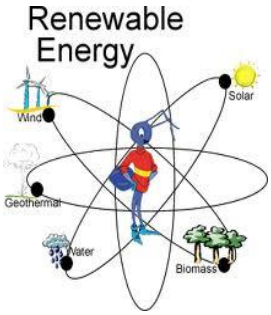
	Promieniowanie Radioactivitate Radioactividad Radyoaktivite	
Renewable sources of energy 	възобновяеми източници на енергия Ανανεώσιμες πηγές ενέργειας Fonti di energia rinnovabile Odnawialne źródła energii Surse regenerabile de energie Fuentes de energía renovables Yenilenebilir enerji kaynakları	That can be renewed. It means it does not take things away from the environment that can't be put back. For instance, water and wind power doesn't use up the product.
Solar cell 	слънчев панел Ηλιακή κυψέλη Pannello solare Ogniwo słoneczne Panou solar Panel solar Güneş paneli	Is an electrical device that converts the energy of light directly into electricity by the photovoltaic effect. It is a form of photoelectric cell (in that its electrical characteristics-- e.g. current, voltage, or resistance-- vary when light is incident upon it) which, when exposed to light, can generate and

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		support an electric current without being attached to any external voltage source.
Solar energy 	слънчева енергия Ηλιακή ενέργεια Energia solare Energia słoneczna Energie solară Energía solar Güneş Enerjisi	Radiant light and heat from the sun.
Thermoelectric plant 	термоелектрически завод Θερμοηλεκτρικός σταθμός Centrale termoelettrica Elektrownia cieplna Centrală termoelectrică Central termoeléctrica Termik Santral	Is a power plant in which the prime mover is steam driven. Water is heated, turns into steam and spins a steam turbine which drives an electrical generator.

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Tidal energy 	енергия наприливите и отливите Παλιρροιακή ενέργεια Energia delle maree Energia pływowa Energia valurilor Energía mareomotriz Gelgit (Med-cezir) enerjisi	Is a form of hydropower that converts the energy of tides into useful forms of power - mainly electricity. Although not yet widely used, tidal power has potential for future electricity generation.
Wind energy 	вятърна енергиа Αιολική ενέργεια Energia eolica Energia wiatrowa Energie eoliană Energía eólica Rüzgar enerjisi	Is the conversion of wind energy into a useful form of energy, such as using: wind turbines to make electricity, windmills for mechanical power, windpumps for water pumping or drainage, or sails to propel ships.
Wave energy 	енергия на морските вълни Ενέργεια κύματος Energia d'onda Energia fal Energia mareelor Energía undimotriz Dalga enrjisi	Is the transport of energy by ocean surface waves, and the capture of that energy to do useful work — for example, electricity generation, water desalination, or the pumping of water (into reservoirs). Machinery able to exploit wave power is generally known as a wave energy converter (WEC).

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3. Forest - our friend

Biodiversity 	биоразнообразие Βιοποικιλότητα Biodiversità Różnorodność Biodiversitate Biodiversidad Biyo-çeşitlilik	Is the degree of variation of life forms within a given species, ecosystem, biome, or an entire planet. Biodiversity is a measure of the health of ecosystems. Biodiversity is in part a function of climate. In terrestrial habitats, tropical regions are typically rich whereas polar regions support fewer species.
Biotope 	биотоп Βιότοπος Biotopo Biotop, siedlisko Biotop Biotopo Biyotop	Is an area of uniform environmental conditions providing a living place for a specific assemblage of plants and animals. Biotope is almost synonymous with the term habitat, but while the subject of a habitat is a species or a population, the subject of a biotope is a biological community.

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Deforestation 	изсичане на гори Αποψίλωση των δασων Deforestazione Wylesianie Despădurire Deforestación ORMAN TAHRİBİ	Destruction of forests for the reasons such as timber, housing etc.
Deciduous forest 	широколистна гора Δάσος φυλλοβόλων Foresta a foglie decidue Lasliściasty Pădure de foioase Bosque caducifolio Yaprak döken orman	"Falling off at maturity" or "tending to fall off", and is typically used in reference to trees or shrubs that lose their leaves seasonally, and to the shedding of other plant structures such as petals after flowering or fruit when ripe.
Desertification 	превръщане в пустиня, изоставяне Ερημοποίηση Desertificazione Pustynnienie Desertificare Desertificación Çölleşme	Desertification is the persistent degradation of dry land ecosystems.

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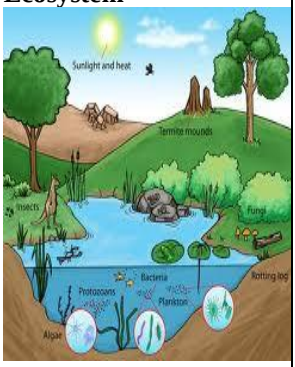
Ecosystem  	екосистема Οικοσύστημα Ecosistema Ekosystem (system ekologiczny) Ecosistem Ecosistema Ekosistem	Is a community of living organisms (plants, animals and microbes) in conjunction with the nonliving components of their environment (things like air, water and mineral soil), interacting as a system.
Endangered 	застрашен Απειλούμενα είδη Specie in estinsione Pe cale de dispariţie Especies en peligro de extinción NESLİ TEHLİKEDE OLAN	Being in danger of becoming extinct.
Endemic species 	ендемични видове Ενδημικά είδη Specie endemiche Gatunek zagrożony wymarciem Specii endemice Especies endémicas	An 'Endemic Species' is one that is only found in a particular region and nowhere else in the world.

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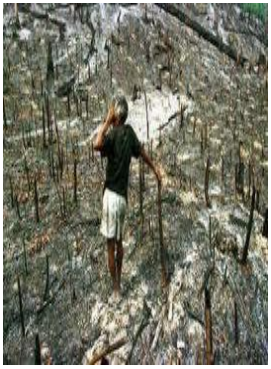
	Endemik Türler	
Environmental degradation 	влошаване на околната среда Περιβαλλοντική υποβάθμιση Degrado ambientale Degradacjaekosystemu Degradarea mediului înconjurător Degradación medioambiental Çevresel Bozulma	Is the deterioration of the environment through depletion of resources such as air, water and soil; the destruction of ecosystems and the extinction of wildlife.
Erosion 	ерозия Διάβρωση Erosione Erozja Eroziune Erosión Erozyon	Erosion refers to the act of which a surface of the earth is worn away by the action of water, glacier, wind, waves, etc.
Fauna	фауна Πανίδα Fauna Fauna Faună	Fauna is all of the animal life of any particular region or time.

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	Fauna Hayvan yaşam alanı	
Flora 	флора Χλωρίδα Flora Flora Floră Flora Bitki yaşam alanı	Flora is all of the plant life of any particular region or time.
Forest fire 	горски пожар Δασική πυρκαγιά Incendio boschivo Pożarlasu Incendiu forestier Incendio forestal Orman yangını	It is an uncontrolled fire in wildland often caused by lightning; other common causes are human carelessness and arson.
Greenhouse gas	парников газ	Is a gas in an atmosphere that absorbs and emits

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	Αέρια θερμοκηπίου Gas serra Gazcieplarniany Efectul de seră Gases de efecto invernadero Sera gazı	radiation within the thermal infrared range.
Green space 	зелени площи Χώρος πρασίνου Spazio verde Zielona przestrzeń (tereny zielone) Spaţiu verde protejat Espacios verdes protegidos Yeşil alan	Land use planning and conservation term used to describe protected areas of undeveloped landscape.
Habitat 	местообитание, хабитат Φυσικό περιβάλλον Habitat Siedlisko Habitat Hábitat Yaşam alanı	Is an ecological or environmental area that is inhabited by a particular species of animal, plant, or other type of organism.

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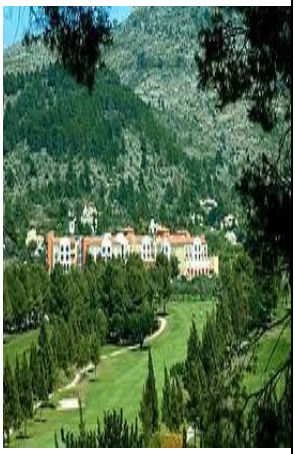
Mediterranean forest 	срадиземноморска гора Μεσογειακό δάσος Macchia mediterranea Lasśródziemnomorski Pădure mediteraneană Bosque mediterráneo Akdeniz Ormanı	These regions are home to a tremendous diversity of habitats and species. Vegetation types can range from forests to woodlands, savannas, shrublands, and grasslands; "mosaic habitat" landscapes are common, where differing vegetation types are interleaved with one another in complex patterns created by variations in soil, topography, exposure to wind and sun, and fire history.
Mountain 	планина Βουνό Montagna Góra Munte Montaña DAĞ	A large landform that stretches above the surrounding land in a limited area usually in the form of a peak. A mountain is generally steeper than a hill**.**
Plant trees	засаждане на дървета Δεντροφύτευση Impianto di alberi Sadzić drzewa	

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	A planta copaci Plantar árboles Ağaç dikmek	
Protect 	защитавам, пазя Προστατεύω Proteggere Chronic A proteja Proteger Korumak	To take care of.
Rainforest 	тропически гори Τροπικό δάσος Foresta pluviale Las deszczowy (las wiecznie zielony) Pădure tropical Bosque tropical Yağmur ormanı	Are forests characterized by high rainfall, with definitions based on a minimum normal annual rainfall of 1750-2000 mm.
Reforestation	възстановяване на гори Αναδάσωση	The process of restoring and recreating areas of woodlands or forests that may have existed long

.

	Riforestazione Ponowne zalesienie Reîmpădurire Reforestación Ağaçlandırma	ago.
Virgin Forest 	девствени гори Παρθένο Δάσος Foresta vergine Las pierwotny (las dziewiczy) Pădure virgină Selva virgen BAKİR ORMAN	Forest or woodland having a mature or overly mature ecosystem more or less uninfluenced by human activity.

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4. Recycling

Biodegradable	биоразградими Ανακύκλωση βιοδιασπώμενων Biodegradabile Ulegający biodegradacji Biodegradare Biodegradable BİYOÇÖZÜNÜR	Able to break down or decompose rapidly under natural conditions and processes.
Buy-Back center	 център за изкупуване на суравини Κέντρο ανταλλαγής προϊόντων Centro di riacquisto Centrum recyklingu Centru de reciclare Centro de rescate Geridönüşüm merkezi	A recycling facility that purchases small amounts of secondary materials from the public.
Classification	класификация διαλογή Classificazione Kategoryzacja Clasificare	Categorization.

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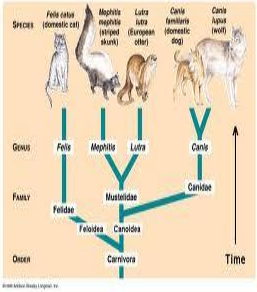	Clasificación Sınıflandırma	
Composting 	компост, естествено наторяване κομποστοποίηση Compost/Terricciato Proceskompostowania A trata cu îngrăşămînt Producción de abono orgánico Kompostlama	Making a heap of wetted organic matter (leaves, "green" food waste) and waiting for the materials to break down into humus after a period of weeks or months.
Eco-friendly 	природосъобразен Φιλικός προς το περιβάλλον Eco-compatibile Przyjazny dla środowiska Eco-prietenos Ecológico Çevre dostu	Not harmful to environment.
Glass	стъкло Γυαλί	Hard substance that that you can usually see through that

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	Vetro Szkło Sticlă Vidrio Cam	is used for making windows, bottles, etc…
High grade paper(HG) 	висококачествена хартия Χαρτί υψηλής ποιότητας Carta di prima scelta Papier wysokiej jakości Loc folosit pentru eliminarea deşeurilor solide Papel de alta calidad Kuşe kağıt	Relatively valuable types of paper such as computer printout, white ledger and tab cards.
Incinerator 	инсинератор Φούρνος αποτέφρωσης Inceneritore Piec do spalania (spalarnia) Incinerator Incinerador Çöp yakma fırını	Equipment used for the disposal of waste through a process of high temperature combustion.
Inert material	инертен материал	One that does not have a toxic effect on the species

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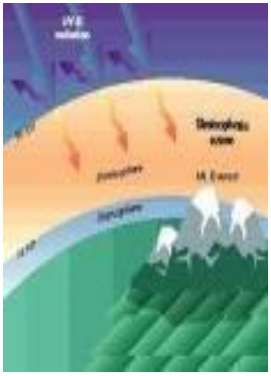
	Αδρανές υλικό Materiale inerte Surowiecobojętny Material inert Material inerte Atıl materyal	the pesticide is meant to combat, but that does not rule out that it may still have a biological activity on other species, including being toxic to humans.
Landfill 	сметище Υγειονομικήταφή αποβλήτων Discarica Składowanie odpadów Depozit de deşeuri Vertedero de basura Çöp gömme	A site used for solid waste disposal.
Ozone depletion 	разрушаване на озоновия слой Τρύπα του όζοντος Riduzione dell’ozono Niszczenie warstwy ozonowej Epuizarea stratului de ozon Agotamiento del ozono Ozon delinmesi	Destruction of the stratospheric ozone layer of the earth's athmosphere due to the release of chlorofluorocarbons, or CFCs, into the environment.

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Paper and cardboard 	хартия и картон Χαρτί και χαρτόνι Carta e cartone Papierikarton Hârtie şi carton Papel y cartón KAĞIT VE KARTON	Paper is a material made in thin sheets that use for writing or drawing on, covering things, etc… Cardboard is very thick paper that is used for making boxes, etc…
Recovery 	възстановяване Αποκατάσταση Recupero Odzyskanie Recondiţionare Recuperación İyileşme	
Recycling 	рециклиране Ανακύκλωση Riciclare Recykling Reciclare Reciclaje GERİ DÖÜŞTÜRMEK	Process by which materials that would otherwise become solid waste are collected, separated or processed and returned to the economic mainstream to be reused in the form of raw materials or finished goods.

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Reprocess	преработка Επανεπεξεργασία Riprocessare Utylizować Reprocesare Reprocesar Tekrar işlemek	Processing recyclable materials.
Reuse	повторно използване Επαναχρησιμοποίηση Riutilizzare Ponowne wykorzystanie Reutilizare Reutilizar Tekrar kullanmak	To use a product repeteadly in the same form (e.g.: glass bottles, cloth diapers).
Responsible consumer	отговорен потребител Συνειδητοποιημένος καταναλωτής Consumo responsabile świadomykonsument Consumatori responsabili Consumidor responsable Bilinçli Tüketici	A consumer that consumes products with a sense of responsibility.

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Rubbish 	отпадъци Σκουπίδια Immondizia Odpady Gunoi Basura Çöp	Solid waste that does not contain food waste.
Selective waste collections 	разделно събиране на отпадъци Επιλεκτική αποκομιδή απορριμάτων Raccolta differenziata Segregacjaodpadów Deşeuri selective Recogida selectiva de basura Seçmeli atık ayrıştırma	Collection system of municipal solid waste which includes, for each type of waste, a selection from the people.
Special Wastes	специфични отпадъци Ειδικά απορρίματα Rifiuti speciali Odpady specjalne Deşeuri speciale Residuos especiales	Any waste requiring special handling such as scrap tires, used motor oil, hospital wastes or household hazardous wastes.

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	Özel atıklar	
Toxic Waste	токсични отпадъци Τοξικά απόβλητα Rifiuti tossici Odpady toksyczne Deşeuri toxice Residuos tóxicos Zehirli atıklar	Waste materials that can cause injury or death to living creatures.
Wood	дървен материал Ξυλεία Legno Drewno Lemn Madera Odun	The hard substance that trees are made of.
Waste products	отпадъчни продукти απορρίμματα Prodotti di scarto Odpady Deşeuri	(Also known as rubbish, trash, refuse, garbage, junk, and litter) is unwanted or useless materials.

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	Desechos Atık ürünler	

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5. Water-use it wisely!

Acid rain 	киселинен дъжд Όξινη βροχή Pioggia acida Kwaśny deszcz Ploaie acidă Lluvia ácida Asit yağmuru	Is a rain or any other form of precipitation that is unusually acidic, meaning that it possesses elevated levels of hydrogen ions (low pH).
Aquaculture 	водни култури-риби, миди, раци и т.н. Υδατοκαλλιέργεια Acquacoltura Akwakultura Acvacultură Acuicultura Su kültürü	Also known as aquafarming, is the farming of aquatic organisms such as fish, crustaceans, molluscs and aquatic plants.
Biodiversity	биоразнообразие Βιοποικιλότητα Biodiversità Różnorodność Biodiversitate Biodiversidad	The variety of plant, animal, and microorganism species present in the ecosystem and the community structures the form.

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	Biyo çeşitlilik	
Contamination	зараза Μόλυνση Contaminazione Zanieczyszczenie, skażenie Contaminare Contaminación Kanalizasyon	The introduction into water of sewage or other foreign matter that will render the water unfit for its intended use.
Dam	язовир Φράγμα Diga Zapora wodna Baraj Presa Baraj	A structure of earth, rock, or concrete designed to form a basin and hold water back to make a pond, lake, or reservoir.
Dew	Poca Δρόσος	Precipitation that appears on soil and vegetation, it is formed during the nights usually calm.

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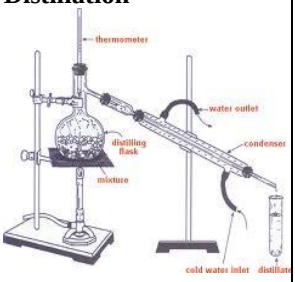
	Rugiada Rosa Rouă Rocío Çiy	
Desalination 	обезсоляване Αφαλάτωση Desalinizzazione Odsalanie Desalinizare Desalinización Tuzunu giderme	refers to any of several processes that remove some amount of salt and other minerals from saline water. More generally, desalination may also refer to the removal of salts and minerals, as in soil desalination.
Distillation 	дестилация Απόσταξη Distillazione Destylacja Distilare Destilación Distilasyon	A method of separating mixtures based on differences in volatilities of components in a boiling liquid mixture. Distillation is a unit operation, or a physical separation process, and not a chemical reaction.
Drainage	дренаж, пресушаване Αποχεύτεση	Is the natural or artificial removal of surface and sub-surface water from an area. Many agricultural

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	Drenaggio Drenaż Drenaj Drenaje Drenaj	soils need drainage to improve production or to manage water supplies.
Drinking water 	питейна вода Πόσιμο νερό Acqua potabile Wodapitna Apă potabilă Agua potable İçme suyu	Potable water is water safe enough to be consumed by humans or used with low risk of immediate or long term harm.
Evaporation 	изпаряване Εξάτμιση Evaporizzazione Parowanie (ewaporacja) Evaporare Evaporación Buharlaşma	A type of vaporization of a liquid that occurs only on the surface of a liquid. The other type of vaporization is boiling, which, instead, occurs on the entire mass of the liquid.

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Fresh water 	прясна вода Γλυκό νερό Acqua corrente Woda słodka Apă proaspătă Agua dulce Taze su	Naturally occurring water on the Earth's surface in ice sheets, ice caps, glaciers, bogs, ponds, lakes, rivers and streams, and underground as groundwater in aquifers and underground stream.
Hydroelectric plant 	хидроелектрически завод Υδροηλεκτρικός σταθμός Centrale idroelettrica Hydroelektrownia Hidrocentrală Central hidroeléctrica Hidroelektrik santrali	Electric power plant in which the energy of falling water is used to spin a turbine generator to produce electricity.
Irrigation water 	капково напояване Νερό άρδευσης Acqua per uso irriguo Hydroelektrownia Irigaţie cu apă Sulama suyu	Water which is applied to assist crops in areas or during times where rainfall is inadequate.

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Leakage 	теч Διαρροή Perdita d'acqua Wyciek Pierdere de apă Pérdida de agua Sızıntı	Leakage is a process in which material is gradually lost, intentionally or accidentally, through the holes or defects of their containers. The material lost is usually fluid, liquid or powder and sometimes gas, from an imperfectly sealed container.
Marine ecosystem 	морска екосистема Θαλάσσιο οικοσύστημα Ecosistema marino Ekosystem morski Ecosistem marin Ecosistema marino Sualtı ekosistemi	They include oceans, salt marsh and intertidal ecology, estuaries and lagoons, mangroves and coral reefs, the deep sea and the sea floor.
Oil Spill 	петролен разлив Πετρελαιοκηλίδα Fuoriuscita di petrolio Wyciek ropy naftowej Scurgere de petrol Derrame de petróleo Petrol sızıntısı	It is the release of a liquid petroleum hydrocarbon into the environment due to human activity, and is a form of pollution.

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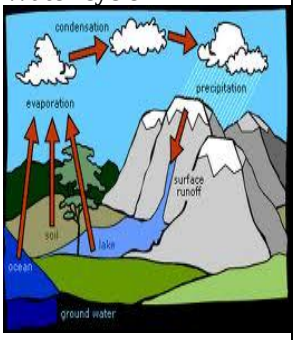
Reusing 	повторно използване Επαναχρησιμοποίηση Riutilizzo Powtórne użycie Reutilizare Reutilizar Tekrar kullanım	To use an item again after is been used.
Water cycle 	цикъл на водата Κύκλος νερού Ciclo dell'acqua Cykl hydrologiczny Circuitul apei Ciclo del agua Su çemberi	Also known as the hydrologic cycle or H_2O cycle, describes the continuous movement of water on, above and below the surface of the Earth.
Water sources 	водни източници Πηγές νεροού Fonti di acqua Zasoby wodne Surse de apă Fuentes de agua Su kaynakları	Sources of water that are useful or potentially useful. Uses of water include agricultural, industrial, household, recreational and environmental activities.

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Water saving 	пестене на водата Εξοικονόμηση νερού Riserva di acqua Oszczędność wody Economisirea apei Ahorro de agua Su tasarrufu	Refers to reducing the usage of water and recycling of waste water for different purposes such as cleaning, manufacturing, and agricultural irrigation.
Sewage 	канализация Αστικά απόβλητα Liquame ścieki Canalizare Aguas residuales Lağım	The waste and wastewater produced by residential and commercial sources and discharged into sewers.
Waste water 	отпадъчни води Υδάτινα απόβλητα Acque di scarico ścieki Ape reziduale Aguas residuales Atık su	Any water that has been adversely affected in quality by anthropogenic influence. It comprises liquid waste discharged by domestic residences, commercial properties, industry, and/or agriculture and can encompass a wide range of potential contaminants and concentrations.

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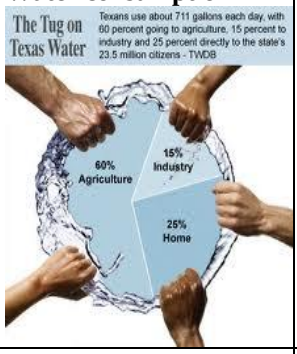
Watershed 	вододел Λεκάνη απορροής υδάτων Bacino idrografico Wododział Bazin hidrografic Interfluvio Havza	A ridge of land that separates two adjacent river systems.
Water consumption 	консумация на вода Κατανάλωση νερού Consumo di acqua Spożycie wody Consum de apă Consumo de agua Su tüketimi	Water good to drink or use in other purposes.
Water pollution 	замърсяване на водата Μόλυνση υδάτων Inquinamento delle acque Zanieczyszczenie wody Poluarea apei Contaminación del agua Su kirliliği	Water pollution is any chemical, physical or biological change in the quality of water that has a harmful effect on any living thing that drinks or uses or lives (in) it.

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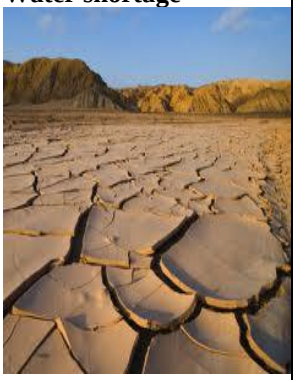
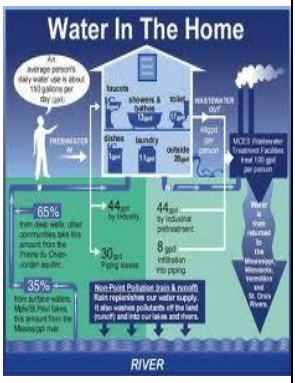
Water shortage 	недостиг на вода Λειψυδρία Penuria di acqua Niedobór wody Lipsă de apă Escasez de agua Su azlığı	Water crisis is a general term used to describe a situation where the available water within a region is less than the region's demand.
Water usage  	употреба на вода Χρήση νερού Uso dell’acqua Zużycie wody Utilizarea apei Utilización del agua Su kullanımı	We use large amounts of water each day, as water serves many different purposes. We use water to drink, to do the dishes, to take a shower, to flush the toilet, to cook diner and for many other purposes. But water is not only used for domestic purposes, humans also use water in the industries and in agriculture. In agriculture water is mainly used to water crops, but in the industries it serves many different purposes. It can serve as an ingredient of a product we produce, but it can also be a part of the whole production process. Water can be used to cool substances in the production process, for transportation and

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		conditioning of raw materials, for boiling or cooking, for flushing, as a cleaning agent and for product transport by shipping.

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